

Bell Ringer - Simplify

$$1) \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{50} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$2) 8\sqrt{153} \cdot \sqrt{196}$$

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$$1) \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{50} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \cdot \sqrt{100}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \cdot 10$$

②

$$\frac{1}{5} \cdot \sqrt{25} \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \cdot 5 \cdot \sqrt{4}$$

∴

$$2) 8\sqrt{153} \cdot \sqrt{196}$$

$$8 \cdot \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{17} \cdot \sqrt{196}$$

$$8 \cdot 3 \cdot 14 \cdot \sqrt{17}$$

$$336\sqrt{17}$$

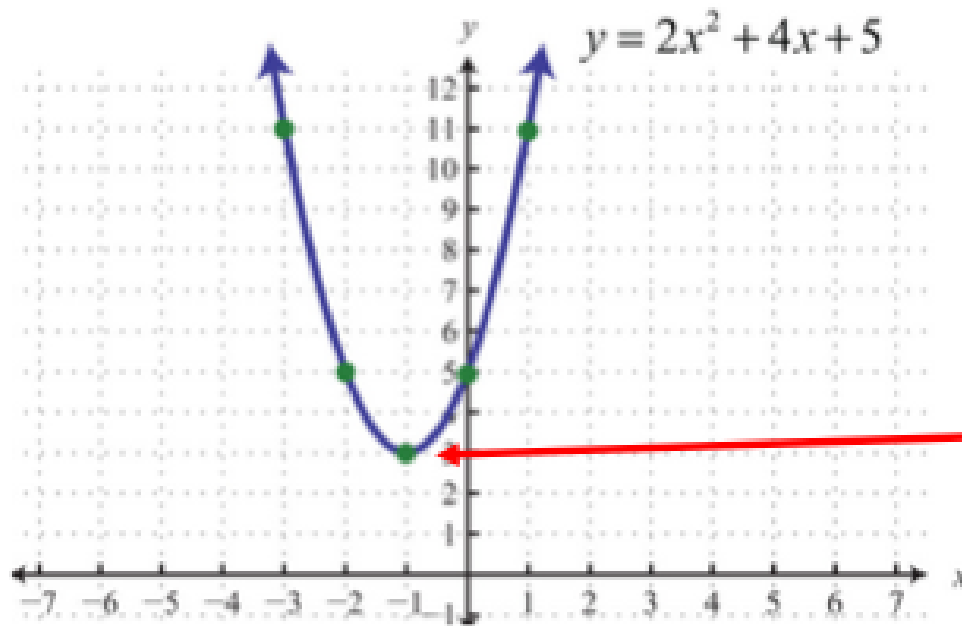
Quadratic Function

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

The graph of a quadratic function is a U-shaped curve called a parabola.

If the 'a' value is positive, the parabola opens upward and the vertex is called a minimum.

If the 'a' value is negative, the parabola opens downward and the vertex is called a maximum.

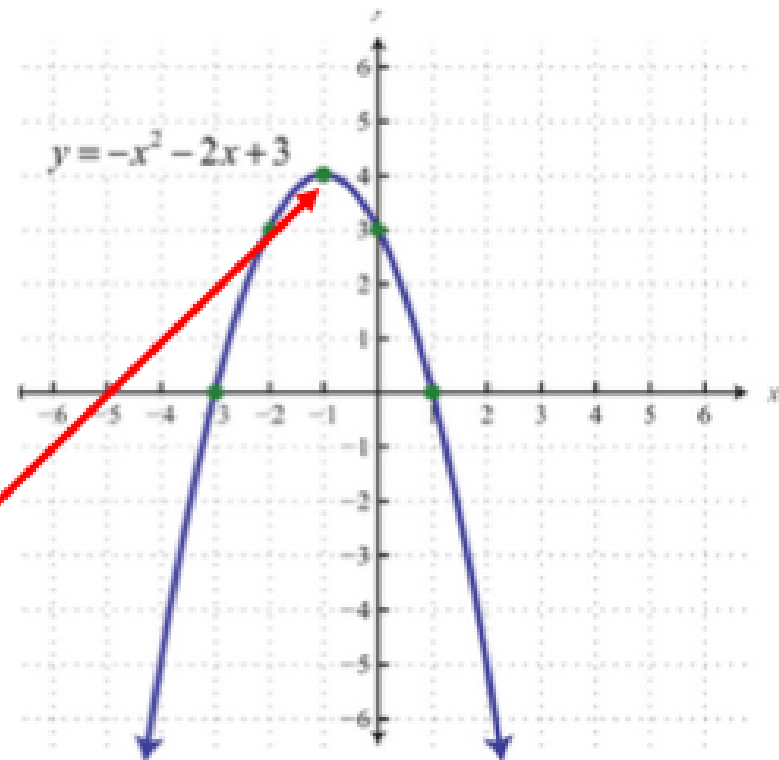


Example of the graph of a quadratic function with a positive 'a' value.

vertex $(-1, 3)$ minimum point

Example of the graph of a quadratic function with a negative 'a' value.

vertex $(-1, 4)$ maximum point



Finding the Vertex of the Parabola (x , y)

Formula for finding the x-coordinate

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

Finding the y-coordinate, substitute the x-coordinate into the quadratic function and solve for y. This is the y-coordinate.

Tell whether the function has a minimum or maximum vertex, then find the coordinates of the point.

$(1, 4)$
minimum

1. $y = 2x^2 - 4x + 6$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$\frac{-(-4)}{2(2)} = \frac{4}{4} = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 2(1)^2 - 4(1) + 6 \\ &= 2 - 4 + 6 \\ &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

Tell whether the function has a minimum or maximum vertex, then find the coordinates of the point.

$$(3, -1)$$

maximum

$$2. y = -x^2 + 6x - 10$$

$$\begin{aligned}x &= \frac{-b}{2a} \\ &= \frac{-6}{-2} \\ &= 3\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y &= -1(3)^2 + 6(3) - 10 \\ &= -9 + 18 - 10 \\ &= -1\end{aligned}$$